

## **Fiscal Note 2011 Biennium**

Bill #	HB0281		Title:		Remove	contraceptive prohibition under CHIP
<b>Primary Sponsor:</b>	nary Sponsor: Hunter, Chuck		Status:	As Introduced		
☐ Significant Local Gov Impact		✓	Needs to be included in HB 2			Technical Concerns
☐ Included in the Executive Budget			Significant Long-Term Impacts			Dedicated Revenue Form Attached

FISCAL SUMMARY							
	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013			
	<b>Difference</b>	<b>Difference</b>	<b>Difference</b>	<b>Difference</b>			
<b>Expenditures:</b>							
General Fund	\$34,243	\$34,741	\$34,861	\$34,861			
Federal Special Revenue	\$116,606	\$116,108	\$115,988	\$115,988			
Revenue:							
Federal Special Revenue	\$116,606	\$116,108	\$115,988	\$115,988			
Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Net Impact-General Fund Balance	(\$34,243)	(\$34,741)	(\$34,861)	(\$34,861)			

## **Description of fiscal impact:**

HB 281 will remove the prohibition against using Children's Health Insurance Plan (CHIP) to pay for contraception, amending section 53-4-1005, MCA.

## FISCAL ANALYSIS

## **Assumptions:**

- 1. There are 1,770 females ages 15-19 currently enrolled in the Children's Health Insurance Plan (CHIP); they represent approximately 10 percent of the total enrollment.
- 2. For this bill the CHIP population will remain at a maximum of 17,240.
- 3. Once the Healthy Montana Kids program is implemented, depending on the configuration of the CHIP population, it is expected that some of these costs might be funded with I-155 funds. An accurate estimate is not possible at this time.
- 4. The Montana 2007 Youth Risk Behavior Survey estimates that 45.7 percent of Montana high school teens are sexually active. Therefore, approximately 809 (1,770 X 45.7 percent) female CHIP members are estimated to be sexually active.

- 5. Based on national data, only 80% of sexually active teens use contraceptives (prescription and non-prescription methods). An estimated 70% of teens using contraceptives, use prescription methods. Therefore, of the 647 (890 X 80%) CHIP current members who use contraceptives, 453 (647 X 70%) would use prescription methods.
- 6. The average cost per year of prescription contraceptives is \$333. (Cost based on teens' utilization of various methods and assumes perfect usage for an entire year)
- 7. The estimated contraceptive cost with perfect usage for 453 CHIP members @ \$333 per year is equal to \$150,849 annually.
- 8. These costs will be funded at the CHIP Enhanced Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP), as follows:

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	FY 2010 Difference	FY 2011 Difference	FY 2012 <u>Difference</u>	FY 2013 <u>Difference</u>
Fiscal Impact:				
Expenditures:				
Benefits	\$150,849	\$150,849	\$150,849	\$150,849
TOTAL Expenditures	\$150,849	\$150,849	\$150,849	\$150,849
<b>Funding of Expenditures:</b>				
General Fund (01)	\$34,243	\$34,741	\$34,861	\$34,861
Federal Special Revenue (03)	\$116,606	\$116,108	\$115,988	\$115,988
TOTAL Funding of Exp.	\$150,849	\$150,849	\$150,849	\$150,849
Revenues: Federal Special Revenue (03) Other	\$116,606 \$0	\$116,108 \$0	\$115,988 \$0	\$115,988 \$0
TOTAL Revenues	\$116,606	\$116,108	\$115,988	\$115,988
Net Impact to Fund Balance (1	Revenue minus Fu	ınding of Expendit	ures):	
General Fund (01)	(\$34,243)	(\$34,741)	(\$34,861)	(\$34,861)
Sponsor's Initials	Date	Budget Directo	Budget Director's Initials	